

# – General Linux 1 –

## Set Up USB devices [2]

(Linux Professional Institute Certification)

a

```
.~.      by: Andrew Eager  
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//  \\  
@._.@
```

\$Id: gl1.101.7.slides.tex,v 1.3 2003/05/29 14:10:18 geoffr Exp \$

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## Set Up USB devices [2]

### Objective

Candidates should be able to activate USB support, use and configure different USB devices. This objective includes the correct selection of the USB chipset and the corresponding module. It also includes the knowledge of the basic architecture of the layer model of USB as well as the different modules used in the different layers.

# Set Up USB devices [2]

## Key files, terms, and utilities

```
lspci(8)  
usb-uhci.o  
usb-ohci.o  
/etc/usbmgr/  
usbmodules  
/etc/hotplug
```

# Set Up USB devices [2]

## Resources of interest

**The Linux-USB Project :**

`http://www.linux-usb.org`:

**The Linux USB Sub System :** by Brad Hards, Sigma Bravo Pty Ltd

# The Universal Serial Bus

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  - released January 1996
  - supports speeds up to 12MBit/s (8.5Mbit/s in practice)
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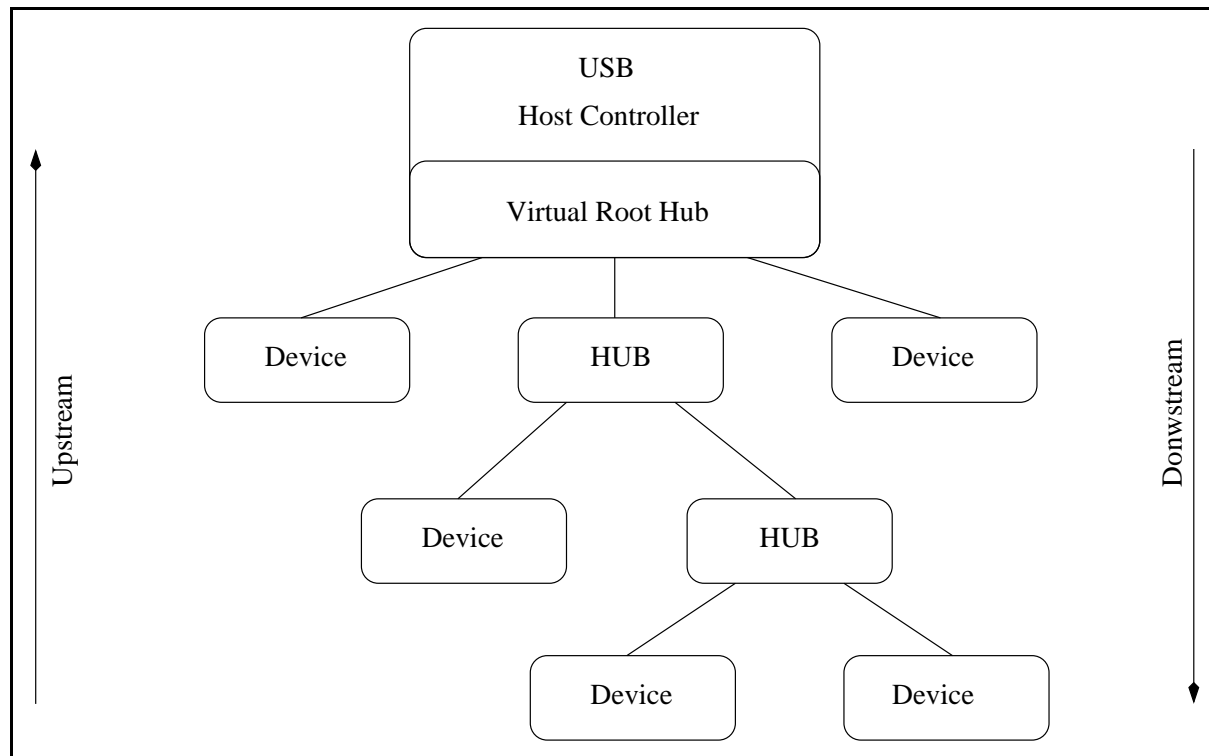
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  - announced 1999
  - supports speeds up to 480Mbit/s
- Devices can be self or bus powered

# USB Topology

The system unit contains the host controller and one virtual root hub with at least one (and normally two) USB interfaces. These interfaces can then be connected directly to a USB device or to another HUB.

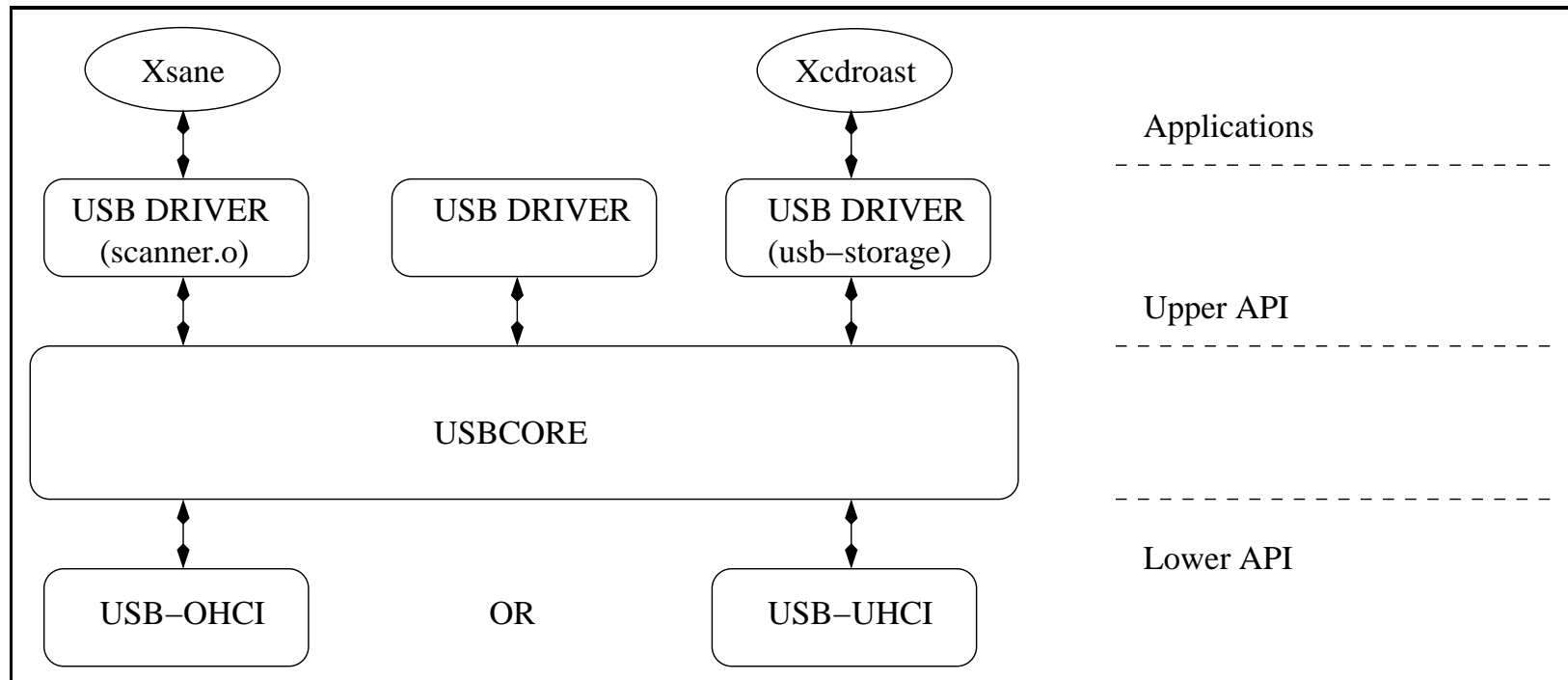


# USB Device Driver Layers

The Device drivers for the USB sub-system are split into two distinct layers:

**Hardware Layer** usbcore & usb-uhci / usb-ohci

**API Layer** - Application / Product specific



# USB Controllers

There are two categories of USB controller

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- The OHCI controllers use a 32 bit memory address:

memory at 0xHH000000          eg memory at 0xee000000

# USB Controllers

To determine your controller type, examine `/proc/pci` for a clue:

```
[root@Node4] root]# cat /proc/pci
```

```
PCI devices found:
```

```
.....
```

```
Bus 0, device 7, function 2:
```

```
USB Controller: VIA Technologies Inc. UHCI USB(rev 17).
```

```
IRQ 10.
```

```
Master Capable. Latency=32.
```

```
I/O at 0xe400 [0xe41f].
```

```
.....
```



# USB Modules

Assuming you have a modular kernel, the following modules will be required:

**usbcore** The base usb kernel module

**plus one of the controller specific modules** either

**usb-uhci** For Intel, PIIX4, Via controllers

**usb-ohci** For Compaq, iMacs, OPTi, SiS, ALi controllers

# USB Modules

## Configuration

An entry in `/etc/modules.conf` aliases the specific controller to `usb-controller` as follows:

```
alias usb-controller usb-uhci
```

# USB Modules

## Starting up the USB sub-system

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## Starting up the USB sub-system

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To startup manually, do the following steps:

- `insmod usbcore`
- `insmod usb-uhci` (or `usb-ohci`)
- mount the `usbdevfs` filesystem (optional but highly recommended)

# USB Modules

## Example

- usbcore

```
[root@Node4]# insmod usbcore
```

```
Using /lib/modules/2.4.18-4/kernel/drivers/usb/usbcore.o
```



# USB Modules

## Example

- usbcore

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[root@Node4]# insmod usbcore
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Using /lib/modules/2.4.18-4/kernel/drivers/usb/usbcore.o
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- usb-uhci

```
[root@Node4] root]# insmod usb-uhci
```

```
Using /lib/modules/2.4.18-4/kernel/drivers/usb/usb-uhci.o
```

# USB Modules

## Example

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Using /lib/modules/2.4.18-4/kernel/drivers/usb/usbcore.o
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- usb-uhci

```
[root@Node4] root]# insmod usb-uhci
```

```
Using /lib/modules/2.4.18-4/kernel/drivers/usb/usb-uhci.o
```

- mount

```
[root@Node4]# mount -t usbdevfs usbdevfs /proc/bus/usb
```

# USB Modules

## Example

- usbcore

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Using /lib/modules/2.4.18-4/kernel/drivers/usb/usbcore.o
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- usb-uhci

```
[root@Node4] root]# insmod usb-uhci
Using /lib/modules/2.4.18-4/kernel/drivers/usb/usb-uhci.o
```

- mount

```
[root@Node4]# mount -t usbdevfs usbdevfs /proc/bus/usb
```

- Once this is done, you should see the following entries in /proc/bus/usb:

```
[root@Node4] root]# ls /proc/bus/usb
001  devices  drivers
```

# USB Interrogation Utilities

## LSUSB - A console view of USB devices

Lsusb is a text utility contained in the usbutils package. Use 'rpm -Uvh usbutils.xxx.rpm' to install.

```
[root@node4]# lsusb
```

```
Bus 001 Device 001: ID 0000:0000 Virtual Hub
```

```
Device Descriptor:
```

```
  bLength                18
  bDescriptorType        1
  bcdUSB                  1.00
  bDeviceClass            9  Hub
  iProduct                2  USB UHCI Root Hub
```

```
.....
```

## LSUSB - A console view of USB devices

Bus 001 Device 002: ID 03f0:0601 Hewlett-Packard ScanJet 6300c

Device Descriptor:

bLength	18	
bDescriptorType	1	
bcdUSB	1.00	
bDeviceClass	0	Interface
bDeviceSubClass	0	
bDeviceProtocol	0	
bMaxPacketSize0	8	
idVendor	0x03f0	Hewlett-Packard
idProduct	0x0601	ScanJet 6300c
bcdDevice	1.00	
iManufacturer	1	
iProduct	2	HP ScanJet 6300C
iSerial	3	SG9941706SPE

## LSUSB - A console view of USB devices

Bus 001 Device 003: ID 1189:6000

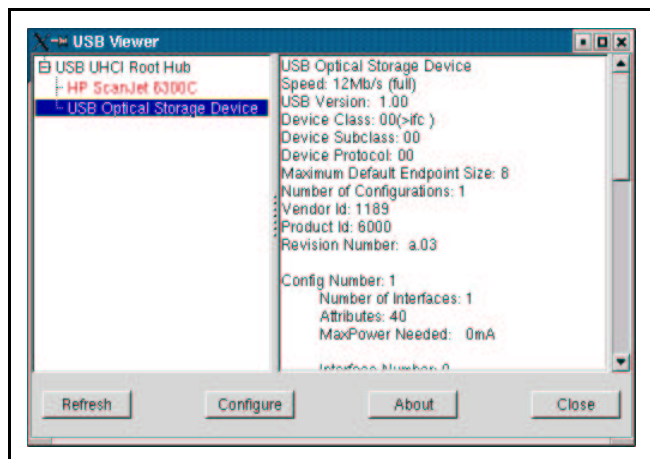
Device Descriptor:

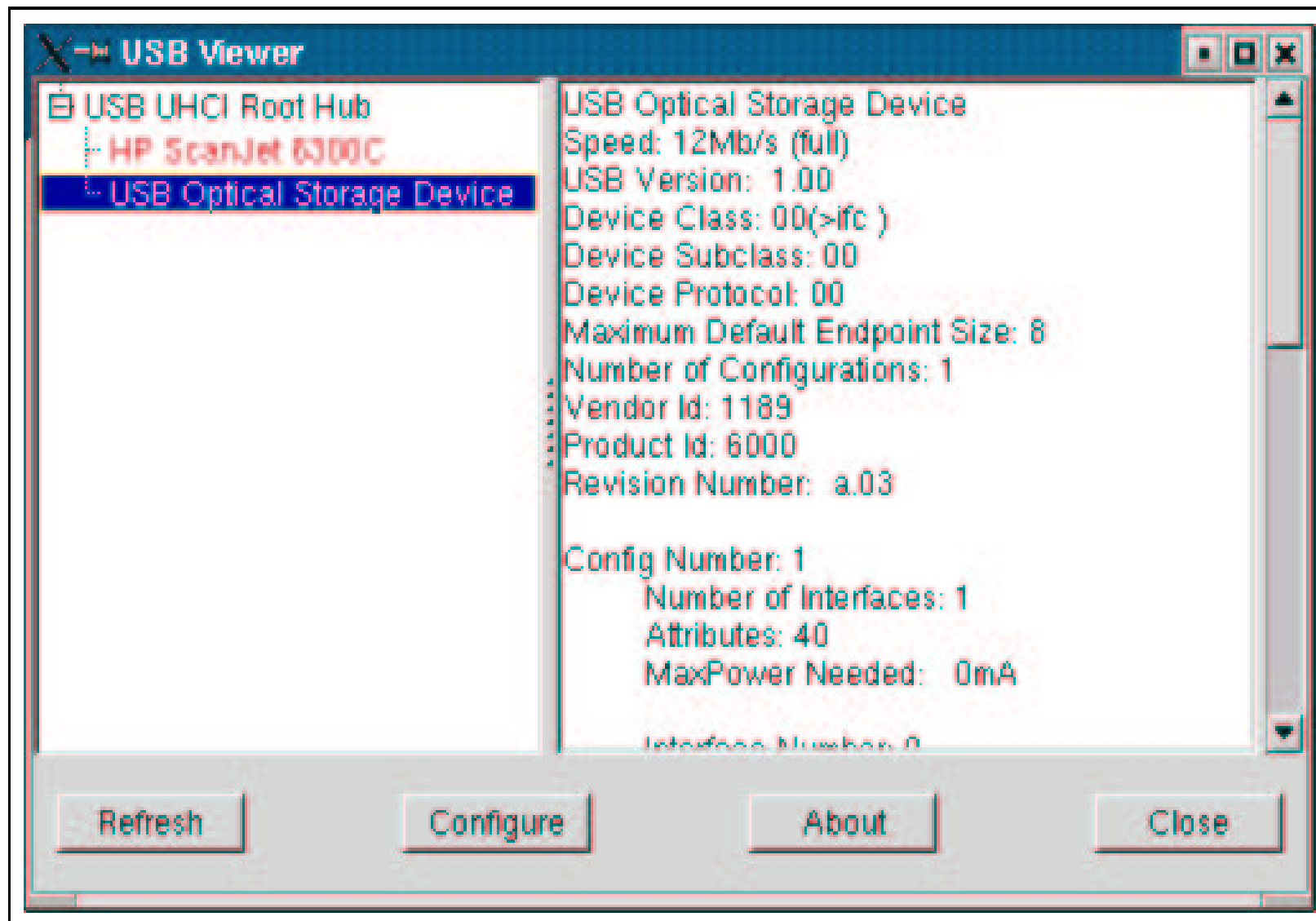
bLength	18	
bDescriptorType	1	
bcdUSB	1.00	
bDeviceClass	0	Interface
bDeviceSubClass	0	
bDeviceProtocol	0	
bMaxPacketSize0	8	
idVendor	0x1189	
idProduct	0x6000	
bcdDevice	a.03	
iManufacturer	0	
iProduct	1	USB Optical Storage Device
iSerial	0	

# USB Interrogation Utilities

## USBVIEW - An X view of USB devices

- Usbview is a gui utility contained in the usbview package. Use 'rpm -Uvh usbview.rpm' to install.
- Usbview parses /proc/bus/usb/devices for connected USB devices. Any device that has a problem will be printed in red.







## Hotplugging USB Devices

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```
$ ls /proc/sys/kernel/hotplug  
/sbin/hotplug
```

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- `/sbin/hotplug` is an executable which is called by the kernel (kernel space to user space interface)
- `/etc/hotplug` is a directory containing configuration information for hotplug (which drivers to load when a device is plugged in)

**The End**